THE REAL DUTY OF CONGRESS.

To the Editor of The Tribune. Sir: In common with most, if not all of your readers, I was pleased with the spirit and tenor of this morning's leading editorial concerning Cuba.

In the first place, I think we all would like Congress to understand that the consensus of opinion of ligent and far-seeing persons is decidedly averse to war with Spain for very good and apparent rea-

It is the province and duty of the press to fore open the attention of the members of our National Legislature that they have just now duties to per-form in the interests and for the welfare of our common country far more important than ill-advise eches and belligerent resolutions against Spain. What we want at present is a period of profound est and peace, in which to recuperate from hard

times and financial troubles. To my mind the most pressing duty of Congress in seasons like these is to and an immediate remedy for the difficulties and dis-sisters from which we have been suffering during the ast few years, and if that body has sufficient brains and good sense, to prevent a recurrence of them in he future.

he future.

Looking at the matter from another and higher point of view, let us not forget that we are on the verge of a new century, in the course of which practical christianity not only hopes to imangurate, but to carry out the theory that conquest, spoliation and war are relies of a past and barbarous age, and that all National difficulties can find a peaceable solution through negotiation, diplomacy and arbitration

ion.

At present, to a certain extent, the spirit of Bryanism, the synonyme for demagogy and sensation, anysim, the synonyme for demagogy and sensation, anysim, for novelty and a change, regardless of consequences, appears to be rampant throughout the
length and breadth of our country. Such being the
fact, it devolves upon the more thoughtful portion of
the community to stamp out of existence this spirit
as one would a snake he finds in his path. S. S. R.

New-York, December 19, 1896.

WHERE DO THE ANIMALS COME IN?

To the Editor of The Tribune. Sir: I have not a copy of your issue of this morning by me at the moment, but rend with approval your correspondent's letter in regard to the building of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, now being erected at the corner of Madison-ave, and Twenty-sixth-st., facing the Park. This is about as expensive a site as could be selected in the city and the building (of which I have seen the plans) is on an almost regal scale. The mere excavations and foundations alone will cost a large sum, and the structure will be as elaborate inside and out as any well can be. Cul bono? For the benefit of the society's officers and staff, who in our brolling summer weather can gaze out at the green trees and cool shadows of the while carnorses within a block are dropping park, while carnorses within a worry from exhaustion and dogs going "mad" from worry and heat, and who in our bitter winter days can gather closer round their fire, while clipped horses are shivering in front of the shops or are passing in their last ounce of strength in ploughing up Murray Hill through the snow with an omnibus and fourteen

their last duncy of steady.

Hill through the snow with an omnibus and fourteen people behind them.

Walking home to-night 1 observed the snow in Fifth-ave, formed into Alps and abysses; the going so rough that the mere slap of the shafts on a single horse's sides would make them sore; not one in a hundred had their shoes roughed; all were toiling to keep their feet and do their duty; the lender of a four-horse omnibus team fell down, his mate trod on four-horse omnibus team fell down, his mate trod on his legs and the wheelers strained every nerve to hold back the heavy vehicle; the pair just behind were "yanked" on to their haunches to prevent a crash, and drivers all along the line went hauling at horses' mouths, with blows and curses. Two or three people said "What a shame! Where's Bergh?" Where's Haines? Poor brutes!" Was there a watch-ful officer of the S. P. C. A. present, alert, merciful, clothed in authority and an ulster? Not a bit?

Does the S. P. C. A. hover like a guardian angel over the horses of the retail shops, now rushed to double duty to deliver Christmas goods and their labor quadrupled by the snowstorm and consequent state of the streats? Its officers, like soothing syrun, are a good thing to have in the house, doubtless, but are not perceptible to the ordinary observer outside. Did you ever notice one of them loosen the strained bearing rein which ties wealth's poor, suffering to relieve its pain, the latter bobs up in unison? Did you see the solicitude with which they tell a coach-

brute's head to its tail, so when it tosses the former to relieve its pain, the latter bobs up in unison? Did you see the solicitude with which they tell a coachman arrayed in furs to tuck a blanket round his chilly steeds clipped so closely that the skin is seen? I don't believe you ever did. And why not? Because the S. P. C. A. puts its money into a splendid building and equipment thereof—not into wages for numerous inspectors to walk the streets and prevent cruelty. Mr. Halnes has a printing press and composing room and every appliance for heralding his good deeds, but I should fancy that "copy" based on facts would be short. He hoasts of his new members, whose dues swell the building fund, the front of which might be cheaply decorated with the bones of horses dead from it I should take that the constraint of the constraint of the house of the health of t New-York, Dec. 17, 1896.

TEACHERS IN NEW-JERSEY To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: I was much pleased with the article from the pen of "A Teacher," of Trenton, N. J., which appeared in Sunday's issue of The Tribune, for at true; second, I may be put in the same of barred teachers to which he refers.

In recent years the public schools of New-Jerse

have organized commercial classes in the high school or grammar departments, and secured speschool or grammar departments, and section applical teachers to instruct these classes, all applicants, no matter what their ability or experience, being obliged to secure at least a second-grade certificate before receiving an appointment; and in order to secure this certificate, they must be examined in subjects they are not to teach, and they are not examined in subjects they are espe-cially qualified in and hired to teach. Having not long since received an appointment to teach the commercial subjects in the public schools of New-Jersey, I was made the victim of this farce, being informed by the State Superintendent of Schools

Jersey. I was made the victim of this lates, and informed by the State Superintendent of Schools that aithough the local School Board had commended my "work in the highest terms for the last six months." I could draw no more salary until I had passed the regular grade examinations. Now, being a normal, commercial and Speacerian graduate, and having been a school principal for more than twenty years, I refused to put myself on a level with a sixteen-year-old teacher and immediately resigned.

I agree with "A Teacher" that there is much need of college-bred men in the common schools of New-Jersey, especially head-masters. I answer the question in the closing paragraph of "A Teacher" letter that, to my personal knowledge, a very small proportion of the principals and superintendents of the public schools of New-Jersey are masters of their mother tongue, and in closing this article will repeat the opening sentence made by one of New-Jersey's city superintendents of public schools at a teachers' meeting: "Tve got a letter here I got from one of my former publis."

EX-JERSEY TEACHER.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Dec. 22, 1885.

THE WAR TALK IN THE SENATE.

To the Editor of The Tribune. Sir: The position of the members of the United States Senate on the Cuban question has demon-strated one thing to the people of the country, and that is the happy escape we have made by the failure of any of those self-constituted warriors to Presidency of the United States; it being well known that several of them were candidates for the Republican nomination in the recent canvass. The general disfavor with which all this war talk is received by the conservative people of the country will be sufficient to discredit them when future honors are to be bestowed. WHALAM HENRY. New-York, Dec. 19, 1886. secure the nomination and possible election to the

WHEN THE ELECTRIC LIGHT GOES OUT.

To the Editor of The Tribune. Sir: I have often realized what would happen it large assemblies in buildings lighted by electricity should anything occur to the machinery and at once extinguish the lights. Should not some auxiliary supply of lighting be provided for?

New-York, Dec. 17, 1886.

For these should be

Yes, there should be, and, as a matter of fact, there often is. In the leading theatres and opera houses where electricity is employed for ighting there is a system of gas pipes and rners held in reserve and immediately available. Moreover, in some modern office buildings electricity is supplied from dynamos in the basement; but wires are so arranged that in an emergency a connection can be instantly made with the mains of some outside source of sup-

CABLE:CAR PASSENGERS SHAKEN UP.

Cable-car No. 446, of the One-hundred-and-twentyfifth-st. line, was going west in One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth-st. about one hundred feet west of Third-ave, yesterday morning, when the grip became jammed in a part of the cable siot that had been harrowed by the frost. The grip was torn from the floor of the car, and the car itself was thrown from the track. There were a dozen passengers in the car at the time, but no one was injured. The car was taken to the shop for repairs.

CHRISTMAS HOMICIDES IN SAVANNAH. Savannah, Ga., Dec. 25.—Three homicides occurred in this city to-day. One negro boy shot another through the heart this morning, killing him instantly. William Titcomb, a white man, was fatally stabled in a quarrel early this morning, and died in a few

COLORED STUDENTS RESENT A POLICE-MAN'S TREATMENT OF ONE OF THEIR NUMBER.

Seventy colored students went to the Commercial Travelers' Fair in Madison Square Garden last night and got into trouble with Policeman O'Hara, whom they accuse of having clubbed one of their number. A deputation of them called at Police Headquarters about midnight and were instructed by Acting Inspector Allaire to call this morning to lodge a forma complaint.

The students assembled in front of the Garden about 8 o'clock. They marched in, shouting their college vell at the top of their lungs. They at once attracted the attention of those inside, about a thousand of whom followed them about the fair. When the body of students came to the entrance of the show called the "Streets of Cairo," R. A. Cohen, of No. 1061 Third-ave., one of the students, began to dicker with the ticket-taker to let the body of students in for half price.

A bargain had just about been arranged when Policeman O'Hara interfered. He alleged that the students were making too much noise, and as Cohen seemed to be the leader, talked to him. Cohen says that O'Hara stuck his club into his face and told him if he did not keep quiet he would jab the club down his throat. It was alleged that O'Hara emphasized his remark by thrusting the club at Cohen's neck and knock ing him down. They also assert that he then kicked the prostrate student, and at the same time prevented any one from assisting Cohen by waving his club in the air.

The students did not cease their nois instant, and the house was in an uproar. Nearly every one in the great building was pressing toward the scene of the quarrel, and at one time it looked as if a panic might result. Some of the more hot-headed students wanted to fight the policeman, and were not prevented by their own comrades, but by outsiders, who succeeded in reasoning with them. All the students yelled at O'Hara, and it might have gone hard with him had not the managers of the fair got hold of the ringleaders of the colored boys and induced them to stop.

Policeman O'Hara is attached to the City Hall station, having been detailed from there to the

TRAGEDY IN A RAILWAY STATION.

TWO DRUNKEN EUFFIANS MURDER A TELEGRAPH OPERATOR.

New-Orleans, Dec. 25 .- Passengers by the Illinoi Central train bring news of a tragedy at Wasson Miss., about 3 o'clock this morning. Two young men named Case, from the country, were drunk and disorderly in the passenger waiting-room. The night operator there, whose name was Addison right operator there, whose name was Adusson, tried to quiet them, but failed. Under the laws of Mississippi the railroad agents are peace officers about their stations, and the night operator tried to exercise his authority as a peace officer in electing the drunken rowdles. He was set upon by them and stabbed three times, from the effects of which he died some hours later.

A HOTEL PROPRIETOR'S SUDDEN DEATH

SUCCUMBS TO AN ATTACK OF APOPLEXY.

son, in Fifteenth-st., near Fourth-ave., died sudden-ly from apoplexy yesterday morning at the hotel He had suffered from a billous attack on Thursday

GREAT LOSSES OF COAL SCHOONERS.

LEGISLATION TO COMPEL THE USE OF SHIFTING BOARDS WANTED.

Philadelphia, Der, 25.-The recent losses at sea of coasting vessels with coal cargoes are being looked into by underwriters and others who believe that there should be some legislation compelling the use of shifting boards to prevent the cargoes from roll-ing out of place in heavy weather, and the loss of

life which follows.

This year twenty-three schooners with such car-This year twenty-three schoolers with such cargoes from Philadelphia have been given up as lost,
with 150 seamen. Within the last few days the list
has been increased by the non-arrival of the overdue Philadelphia schoolers Governor Hall and May
Williams, both of which have probably gone down,
Had there been shifting boards like those in use on
grain-carrying craft, it is probable that few of
these disasters would have occurred.

WHY THEY SUPPORT MR. PLATT.

Two more replies from members of the Legislatare to Senator Pavey's circular letter asking Senators and Assemblymen to support Joseph H. Choate for the United States Senate were made public last evening at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. One was from Assemblyman-elect John C. Knaup, of Brooklyn. Assemblyman-elect John C. Knaup, of Brooklyn. Mr. Knaup rays: "I shall vote for the Hon. T. C. Platt for United States Senator from New-York be-cause in my view he more thoroughly represents the principles of the Republican party than any r man in the State. He not only represents Republicanism, but he is the embodiment of the business interests of the business men. He has done ness interests of the more to promote and secure business prosperity by his unswerving advocacy of the gold standard, both in New-York, at our Republican State Convention in March last, and then in the National Convention at St. Louis in June, than any other man in the He is a business man with business men, and he understands business men's needs. His de votion to Republicanism has been disinterested and unselfish to a degree hitherto unknown in this country, and the ability he has shown in all his as never been excelled, and that ability will be an honor to New-York in the Senate. These are

be an honor to New-York in the Senate. These are sufficient reasons why Mr. Platt should receive my vote, and he shall have it."

Mr. Knaup's letter was dated December 2l. Assemblyman-elect Morton Cromwell, of Glen Cove. on December 2 wrote as follows: "To begin wita, I question the sincerity of anybody's Republicanism who allows his name to be used for this office, as opposed to that of the Hon. Thomas C. Platt." After an extremely slight tribute to "Mr. Cromwell proceeds: "I believe that the Republicans, and the people of these United States, and of the State of New-York especially, owe Thomas C. Platt a debt of gratitude. His friends propose to pay that debt by sending him to the United States Senate. I am free and willing to state that I shall be proud and happy to vote for Thomas C. Platt if he is a candidate."

andidate."
Bets were offered last evening without takers that Cromwell had distanced all his Platt rivais in answering Senator Pavey's circular letter.

THIS IS "HOSPITAL SATURDAY." This is "Hospital Saturday," and to-morrow is "Hospital Sunday."

The officers request that the sick poor be remembered in offerings.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

Fond Du Lac, Wis., Dec. 25.—The Phoenix Suspender Company has been closed by the Sheriff. The concern is the largest in the Northwest, and had a capital stock of \$25,000.

Dubuque, Iowa, Dec. 25.—The city yesterday sold \$239,000 of 4 per cent twenty-year bonds at a nominal premium. Bonds to the amount of \$120,000 went to William L. Bradley, of Dubuque, and \$240,600 to Spitzer & Co., of New-York.

Superior, Wis., Dec. 25.—Lewis White, of St. Paul, procured in the Circuit Court of Douglas County a judgment of \$159,357 against the Duluth and Winnipeg Terminal Company, proprietors of the big iron ore docks in this city.

HIS TWENTY-FOUR HOURS' WALK.

HE COVERS ABOUT TEN AND ONE-HALF MILES IN THE PIRST TWO HOURS AT THE ICE SKAT-ING PALACE-TRYING TO EQUAL HIS

> FEAT OF A QUARTER OF A CENTURY AGO.

At exactly 10 o'clock last night the unique spec tacle of an athletic old man of nearly threese years trying to duplicate a feat which he accomplished a quarter of a century ago was witnes in the Ice Skating Palace at One-hundred-and-seventh-st, and Lexington-ave., in this city, when Howard Payson Weston, the famous old-time pe-destrian, started off on his attempt to walk II: miles in twenty-four hours. Mr. Weston was the first and certainly one of the greatest long-distance walkers which the afhictic world ever produced, and it was his initial effort which long ago gave such an impetus to walking that many sixdays and other long-distance walking matches resuited. Mr. Weston has always been an abstain from alcoholic drinks, and the encouragement which he gave to healthful outdoor sports made him many friends, which he retains to the present time. In fact, it was the expressed wish of many well-known citizens that tempted him to try once more his speed and powers of endurance this time.

A short time ago Mr. Weston astonished the people of Albany by an exhibition of his marvellous powers as a pedestrian, and he was then invited to give an exhibition in this city. those who attached their signatures to the invi-tation were Mayor Strong, Chauncey M. Depew, Hermann Oelrichs, David Banks, Thomas P. Fow-ler, Joseph Howard, ir., Chester S. Lord, H. H. Browne, J. Edward Simmons, Sereno S. Fratt, Cornelius Van Cott, E. Ellery Anderson, Theodore, Boosevelt, Charles Lanier, Stuyvesant Fish, Frank Tilford, Thomas L. James, H. C. Du Val, W. J. Van Arsdale, Thomas C. Acton and General Emmons Clark, Many of those man were present at the those who attached their signatures to the invi-Clark. Many of these men were present at the start last night.

Weston's record as a pedestrian is one that any athlete might well be proud of. It was in 1867 that Mr. Weston started the popular interest in walking by making his famous walk from Portland, Me. to Chicago, 1,235 miles, 'n twenty-four days and wenty-two hours and forty minutes, between noon of October 29 and 10:40 a. m., November 18.

In October, 1868, Weston made the first record in America of a walk of 100 miles within twenty-four consecutive hours, by walking the distance over an accurately measured road in Westchester Couny, this State, in twenty-two hours and twenty m

In May, 1870, Weston walked 100 miles in twenty one hours and thirty-nine minutes in this city, and in May, five years later, he walked 115 miles in twenty-three hours and forty minutes, without making a stop. This feat Mr. Wesion also performed in this city. In June, 1879, he won the Astley belt by walking 50 miles in 141 hours and 44 minutes, defeating the declars that the Government arrangements to cope with the situation are entirely inadequate, and that the familie is now beyond control. lishmen, by 100 miles.

In 1884, under the auspices of the Church of Eng.

land Temperance Society, Weston walked a distance of fifty miles a day for 100 days, without walking or Sundays, making a distance of 5,000 miles over the country roads of England. In January, February and March, 1886, in a contest with Daniel O'Leary, he covered a distance of 2,500 miles by walking twelve hours each day for a period of five weeks. and beating O'Leary 20 miles, The track on which Mr. Weston is now walking

is built around the skating floor in the Ice Palace, and is 164 feet short of being eight laps to a mile. To accomplish his task he must make 926 laps within the given time, which will be exactly feet over 112 miles. To make the scoring easier, the first thirty miles were scored at nine laps to the mile. The remaining eighty-two miles will be scored at eight laps to the mile, which will give the result as stated.
Edward W. May and L. J. Vance, members of

whit be over him for two hours, but they failed to rouse him, and he died at 10 o'clock. His wife was prostrated under medical treatment.

When me fell on the room floor unsuch the died at 10 o'clock. His wife was prostrated with grief, and it was found necessary to place her under medical treatment.

When me fell on the room floor unsuch the devote him hotel business as the one which he would follow. He devoted himself steadily to it, and soon became known as a thorough hotel man. He served as steward of the St. James and the St. Denis hotels in this city, and later quened the Manhattan Beach his city, and later quened the Manhattan Beach his city, and later quened the Manhattan Beach likel, he manded the served as steward of the St. James and the St. Denis hotels in this city, and later quened the Manhattan Beach likel, he mankably well. He was accompanied to the track by Dr. Roisert Taylor, of Greenwich, Com., who has attended him in all the great races in which he has ever taken part. The track on which was attended him in all the great races in which he has ever taken part. The track on which we have ever taken part. The track on which we have ever taken part. The track on which we have ever taken part. The track on which we have ever taken part. The track on which we have ever taken part. The track on which we have ever taken part. The track on which we have ever taken part. The track on which wide.

At 19 o'clock Miss Sadle J. Bones, the little twole walk of the congregation of Grace. The was members and the strack him to the echo. His is fifty-seven years old, and his hair has track a few minutes before the chose the time of the strack and habit safety and black the time of the strack and habit safety and was introduced to the time of the strack as track as the man was a few manhatter. The track on which the track is fifty

he walked with the same sprightly tread and carried a whip. As he made the first circle around the track he was loudly applauded. He made the first lap in one minute and forty seconds, and the second lap in one minute and fifteen seconds. He completed the first mile in eleven minutes and twelve seconds and the second in eleven minutes and fifty-six seconds. He minutes and twenty seconds, and the second in fifty-six seconds, the first like minutes in fifty-six seconds. He minutes and twenty seconds, and when this announcement was given out he was again liberally applauded. At that time the following well-known people were in the lice Palace! Theodore Rooseel, Frank Tifford, Thomas F. Fowler, Theodore Moss, Sturtevent Fish, Samuel Carpenter, Thomas C. Acton, Thomas E. Meyers and others.

At the end of the first hour Weston told Dr. Taylor that he felt exceedingly well and that his legs below his knees had gone to sleep. He looked upon this however, as a good sign, as the same thing happened to him in his great championship walk in London. In fact it was this which caused him to carry a whip, and the spectacle of Weston whipping his legs was a familiar one in the days of the great walking matches. At it o'clock the skaters left the floor of the palace, but Weston continued to reel off the miles, storping now and then to greet an old acquaintance, who had probably come is long way to give him encouragement. During the night Weston ran and walked alternately, and now and then reversed his way of going around the track. When Weston formerly walked, he said that it was to demonstrate that the greatest physical endurance is possible without the use of alcoholic or other artificial stimulation, and if he is successful in accomplishing his present undertaking, his temperance friends will be prouder of him than ever.

Dr. Taylor said last night that Weston would

ing, his temperance friends will be prouder of him than ever.

Dr. Taylor said last night that Weston would probably not leave the track until ne had completed seventy-five or eighty miles, and that he would then probably rest for a few minutes. The coolness of the atmosphere in the Ice Palace did not appear to trouble him in the least. In fact, Dr. Taylor said that it just suited him, although he was walking in his shirt sleeves. Weston will have to average about four miles and three laps an hour to complete his task in the appointed time.

At midnight, just two hours after the start, Weston had walked ten miles and four laps.

THEIR IMPROVISED CANNON BURST.

ONE MAN KILLED AND THREE WOUNDED AT A CHRISTMAS EVE CELEBRATION.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 25 .- A dispatch from Acworth, Ga., to "The Constitution," says that one man was instantly killed and three desperately wounded, one fatally, there last night. A party of young men were celebrating, and they improvised : men were celebrating, and they improvised a cannon from a piece of water pipe. They stopped up one end and then londed it with powder, ram-ming it down with a crowbar. The bar struck a spark, causing an explosion.

THREE MEN FROZEN TO DEATH.

Annapolis, Md., Dec. 25.-Levis H. James and Annapolis, Md., Dec. Z.-Levis H. James and John Branzell, oystermen of this city, were frozen to death yesterday. They left this city in a boat for Magothy River. When near Sandy Point the little craft capaized. The men threw off their outer clothing and shoes and swam to the shore, but the exertion was too much for James, and he sank exhausted at the water's edge, where his body was found to-day. Branzell made his way in his shirt sleeves and barefooted nearly a mile through the snow, but also succumbed to the severe weather when within a few hundred yards of Dr. Spranklin's house, which he was apparently seeking.

Baltimore, Dec. Z.-Harry Ruff, nineteen years old, celebrated Christmas last night with a party of friends, and in the course of the evening drank

old, celebrated Christmas last hight with a party of friends, and in the course of the evening drank too much. He separated from his companions at a late hour and started for his home. Merriman's lane, near the Falls road, a quarter of a mile from the city limits. This morning his body was found in the readway. He had been frezen to death.

THAT WONDERFUL ROTARY ENGINE. From Power.

From Power.

Considerable of a flutter has been occasioned by the announcement in Western dailies of the invention by Grant Brambel, a railway telegrapher at Sleepy Eye, Minn., of an engine which is so potent that a horse-power motor can be carried in a watch pocket of a forty-horse-power can rest easily in a baby's high-chair; and at the same time of such an efficiency that it will give at least twice the power now obtained from one pound of coal. The inventor is reported to have closed with an English syndicate for \$1,600,000 for the universal patent right. In the reported interview Mr. Brambel says his patent was issued in December, 186. On the 2d of that month a United States patent was issued to Grant Brambel for not even a steam turbine, but, so far as anything the specifications show, for nothing

hours, and Levi Rutledge, colored, was shot and Rilled by a policeman to-night.

WESTON ON THE TRACK but a very crude and amateurish form of rotary engine, with no apparently inherent features which would account for even ordinary potency and efficiency, its revolutionary character, in fact, even the probability of its finding an ordinary place on the market, is very much in need of corroborative explanes.

CECIL RHODES IN SARCASTIC MOOD.

HE SAYS HE IS GOING HOME TO BE EXAMINED. AND REFERS TO THE UNCTUOUS RECTI-

Cape Town, Dec. 25 .- A reception was given yesterday at Port Elizabeth to Cecil Rhodes, formerly Prime Minister of Cape Colony and manager of the England to testify before the con-mission that will examine into the raid by Dr. Jameson into the Transvaal. Mr. Rhodes made a speech, certain parts of which have excited considerable comment here. He discussed South African affairs, to somewhat fully upon affairs in Rhodesia, whence he arrived a few days ago after taking part in the supression of the Matabele revolt, and then said that he was going home to be examined regarding the Jameson expedition by his fellow-countrymen, whose unctuous rectitude he well knew. This sarcastic reference to the investigating commission is taken to indicate that Mr. Rhodes's testimony will be far more interesting than was anticipated.

ARMENIANS NOT SATISFIED.

THE SULTAN'S AMNESTY GRANT OF NO VALUE-

PRISONERS NOT RELEASED. London, Dec. 25,-The Constantinople correspondent of "The Morning Post" says that the Arme nians are dissatisfied with the terms of the amnesty granted a few days ago by the Sultan, as it really does not improve the condition of the Armenian prisoners in Constantinople, and comparatively few will benefit from it in the provinces. Armenians who have been convicted of disorder will be confined in fortresses, while Mussulmans will be released.

THE AUSTRALIAN COLONIES TO CONFER.

PRIME MINISTERS TO MEET IN TASMANIA TO CON SIDER TRADE PROBLEMS.

Wellington, N. Z., Dec. 25.-The Hon, Richard J. Seddon, Prime Minister of this colony, has invited the Prime Ministers of all the Australian colonies to attend a conference to be held at Hobart Town, capital of " mania, in January. The main object of the prop - conference is to consider the ques-tion of teads with Great Britain, raised by Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, in his dispatch of December, 1855. The conference will also consider the question of intercolonial re-ciprocity in natural products.

RAVAGES OF THE FAMINE IN INDIA.

THOUSANDS DYING DAILY FROM STARVATION

RELIEF ARRANGEMENTS INADEQUATE. Calcutta, Dec. 25.-Ex-Judge Goodridge has written a letter to the "Englishman," of this city stat-ing that every day thousands of persons are dying

BIG FIRE IN A COAL MINE.

Hallfax, N. S., Dec. 25.-A report has been received here to night that a serious fire is raging in the Big Springhill coal mine, in Cumberland County. The fire started in the east slope. While it County. The fire started in the east slope. While it has not got a foothold in the west slope, it is raiging so flercely along the side of it that it is feared it will also suffer seriously from the conflagration. The fire originated in an sos-toot level. A large gaing of men were at work at the time. At the first indication of danger they made a rush to escape, and all reached the surface safely. The flames spread quickly to the 1,200-foot level, which is now converted into a raging furnace, the flames issuing from every opening to the slope.

opening to the slope.

The disaster will be a terrible one to the Springhill Town, a place of 6,000 people, supported wholly by the men working in the mines, which are owned by the Cumberland Coal and Railway Company.

GENERAL VON SCHOUVALOFF RETIRES.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 25.—The Czar has granted the equest of General Count Von Schouvaloff, Governor nerst of Russian Poland, that he be permitted to effre an account of ill health. Prior to his appointthe position he now holds Count von Schouvaloff was Russian Ambassador to Germany, where he was very popular. Some time ago he was stricken with paralysis, complicated with other dis-gases, and several times it has been announced that his condition was critical.

THE BEHRING SEA COMMISSION.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 25.-When the Behring Sea ommission resumed its sessions yesterday, Sir Charles Hibber, Tupper opened the case of the Thornton, which is very similar to that of the Thornton, which is very an according, and a great deal of evidence submitted in that case will be applicable. The Thornton's sat case will be applicable. The floritons of are for acioure in 1886, de mages are claimed to vessel, loss of catch and seals taken, as in preceding case, and for the imprisonment of the greating case, and for the imprisonment of the rand mate at Sitka. All the witnesses exical had given evidence in the Carolina case, being applicable to this case, will be trans-

ASSAULTED BY A TICKET CHOPPER.

ARMY MAN BADLY BEATEN ON AN ELEVATED STATION

Charles Callahan, a veterau of the late war, and a Grand Army man, fifty-seven years old, was bru-tally assaulted last night on the Franklin-st, ele-vated station of the Sixth-ave, road by James A. Glynn, twenty-five years old, a ticket-chopper employed there. The injurel man was taken to the Hudson Street Hospital, suffering with a fracture

for to take his ante morten statement.
Glynn, who Eves at No. 820 Third-ave, was arrested by Policeman Glennon and locked up in the

Leonard-st, station.
Callahan lives at No. 162 Newark-st., Hoboken. Shortly after 8 o'clock last night he went up the elevated railway steps to take a train for up-town. He was somewhat intoxicated, and soon got into some difficulty with Glynn. The first the police knew of the case was when Policeman Glenpolice knew of the case was when Policeman Glen-nan found the old man at Frenklin-st, and West, Broadway. He was in a dazed condition, and his face was covered with blood, which oozed from two cuts in his head. Glynn told the police that Callahan had been up

on the station and raised a disturbance, and that he had put him in the street. Then Glynn went to the police station and made a charge of disorderly conduct against Caliahan, who was made a pris-

conduct against Callahan, who was made a prisoner.

The old man was well dressed and evidently respectable. When he was sent to the hospital, the extent of his injuries led Captain Cross, of the Leonardest, station, to suspect foul play, and he investigated the case further. Then it was learned that Glynn had beaten the old man on the head with a club, fracturing his skull, and the ticket-chopper was arrested and locked up after being identified by Callahan as his assailant.

AN INDIAN WOOING.

AN INDIAN WOOING.

From The Portland Oregonian.

An old custom was revived by the Nez Perces Indians and their visitors during the celebration on the last Fourth of July. The natives of the local tribe are very wealthy, and there are designing mothers among the aborigines as well as in the different classes of civilized society. The young backs of the Nez Perces tribe are regarded somewhat like the scions of royalty in matrimonial circles. The maidens from all cisting tribes were brought to Lapwal to find husbands. The customs of the tribes, which were revived for the occasion, were more effective than the Boston man's ways.

The marriageable maidens were by common accord quartered in a selected spot in the valley of the Lapwal. At an appointed hour the young men who wanted wives to share their annuities, their homesteads and the affections of their hearts appeared in procession on the hallowed camp ground. The hour was midnight and the scene was in a grove of trees made fragram by the wild flowers, and every heart danced to the music of the rippling waters.

The young men marched forth, and none but can.

waters.

The young men marched forth, and none but candidates for matrimony joined the march. They

Waters.

The young men marched forth, and none but candidates for matrimony joined the march. They were dressed in their brightest colors, and each carried a white willow cane. As they approached the tents they chadted an Indian chorus that was as doleful as the song of the owl, and kept time by beating upon the tents with their canes. The drumming was deafening to the distant spectator, and must have been distracting to the waiting maidens in the tents.

At last the singing and drumming had the desired effect. The maidens came forth after a delay just long enough to satisfy that universal passion of the mind of a woman to drive a lover mad with doubt. There were more men than maidens. The former kept up the march and the missic without. The maidens countermatched on the line of the same circle, each selecting a hushand from the line. The chosen ones hastened to follow their brides away into the darkness. The unfortunate suitors were left to despair.

HOW SHE DID IT.

From The Chicago Times-Herald.

From The Chicago Times-Herald.

It was almost midnight and he was still nervously talking about the weather.

"I believe I would like the climate of Cuba first rate," she remarked quietly.

"No-too hot and unhealthy," he replied.

"But," she continued, "I can't pick up a paper nowadays without reading of a new engagement or two down there."

After New Year he will have to pay for the coal and gas they use.

OBITUARY.

COLONEL FREDERICK C. JOHNSON. Ansonia, Conn., Dec. 25.-Colonel Frederick C. hason died here on Thursday. For several years he was engaged with a Connecticut corporation in the manufacture of machinery. Ill health com-pelled him to seek rest in California. After several years thus spent his improved condition it duced him to engage in enterprises of importance and magnitude. They occupied his attention until the time of his last illness. He was an aid on Governor Coflin's staff, with the rank of colonel. He was a member of the New-York Club, the Sons of the Revolution and the Society of Colonial Wars.

JAMES HENRY HEROY.

James Henry Heroy, for many years a merchant of this city, died yesterday at his home, No. 66 West Forty-eighth-st. He had been a sufferer for years. Mr. Heroy was born in this city on June 27, 1818. Fifty years ago he established a business in the importation of glass, which was conducted under the firm name of Heroy & Marrener. The business is now conducted at No. 426 Broadway and No. 102

Thompsen-st. Heroy was a member of Dr. Parkhurst's church, and belonged to the St. Nicholas and the duren, and belonged to the St. Menoias and the Huguenot societies. He leaves one son, W. W. Heroy, president of the Manhattan Plate Glass Company, and five daughters. One of his daughters is Mrs. F. H. Dyckman, of Orange, N. J. The funeral will be held at the Madison Square Presbyterian Church on Monday. The burial will be in Greenwood.

COLONEL HENRY J. LAMAR. Macon, Ga., Dec. 25.-Colonel Henry J. Lamar, aged

seventy-one, died in this city this morning after being in feeble health for several years. He was president of the Exchange Bank, of this city, pro-prietor of large landed estates, and related to the late L. Q. C. Lamar and General Mirabeau B. La-mar, of the Texas revolution.

MRS. ELLEN TERRY JOHNSON.

Hartford, Conn., Dec. 25.—Mrs. Ellen Terry John-son, the wife of Professor Charles F. Johnson, of Trinity College, died suddenly of heart disease this afternoon. She was the daughter of the late Dr. Terry, of Cleveland, and was descended from General Nathaniel Terry and General Jeremlah Wadsworth, of Revolutionary fame. She was a cousin of the late Major-General Alfred Terry, U a cousin of the late Major-General Alfred Terry, U. S. A. Her sister is the wife of Colonel Henry W. Closson, U. S. A. retired, of Washington, D. C. Mrs. Johnson, then Miss Terry, was treasurer of the Western Reserve branch of the United States Sanitary Commission during the war, and was afterward secretary of the New-York State Charlies Aid Association. She was married to Professor Johnson about thirteen years ago, being his second wife. Her husband survives her.

A NEW SYSTEM OF TREATING GOLD ORE.

ALTERNATELY ROASTING AND "QUENCHING" THE QUARTZ, TO SOFTEN IT.

There are two general methods of separating gold from the rock with which it is associated in a vein. In both the ore is crushed to a certain degree of fineness, greater or less, according to circumstances. The stuff is then washed with water SMITH Suddenly, in Brooklyn, December 24, Mrs. Francisco. over a layer of mercury, with which the gold amalgamates, or else (perhaps after a preliminary roasting) mixed with a chemical solution which dissolves the precious metal. Subsequently the gold dissolves the precious metal. Subsequently the gold is recovered from the amalgam or the solution by further treatment. In the system in w.-ch quicksilver is employed there is always a certain loss of the precious metal. Inasmuch as the rock is exceedingly hard, usually quartz, it is subjected to heavy hammering in the final stage of pulverization, and in consequence some of the particles of gold are flattened into tiny plates or saucers and float away with the wash water. Then, too, the mechanical separation is not quite perfect, and a little of the gold still remains imbedded in the minute bits of rock which go off as refuse, or minute bits of rock which go off as refuse, or "tailings." As it is usually a rather high-grade ore which is handled in this way, the loss is apr be disregarded. But there has been a great

to be disregarded. But there has been a great tendency toward more economical methods of late years, and some of the chemical processes now in vogue are well adapted to the treatment both of "tailings" and low-grade ores.

Attention has recently been directed, in England and Australia, to still another plan for insuring the recovery of a very large percentage of the gold originally existing in the ore. The main idea involved, that of breaking up the quartz by afternately heating and cooling it, is old, but some of the details of the process are new, and it is claimed for the so-called "ore-ntomic" system that it is more successful than any previous attempt in the same direction.

more successful than any previous attempt in the same direction.

In the preliminary crushing the rock is brought down only to small lumps of convenient size, and not to actual powder. The material is then inclosed in a chamber from which the outside air is carefully excluded, and the chamber is placed in a furnace in which, beside the fuel, there are pieces of red-hot iron. A get of steam is thrown upon both the coan for coken and iron, and the result is the development of water gas and hydrogen. These gases have access to the chamber, and prevent the oxidization of the metal. Indeed, if there be any oxide in the ore it is "reduced," by the hydrogen. Any sulphur which may be present is also eliminately passing off in the form of sulphurette i hydrogen. After the ore has remained in the heated chamber for a time, whose length in the bested chamber for a time, whose length in the bested chamber for a time, whose length is the bested chamber for a time, whose length is the steed chamber for a time, whose length of role.

first chill breaks up the quartz are not as small as could be desired the water is drained off and the series of operations is repeated several times. Finally the contents of the chamber are dumped into a tank. When the ore is cool enough to be taken between the finares, it crumbles into powder castly. No heavy stamps are required to pulyerize the substance now. It is alleged that there is absolutely no loss in the form of "float gold" and no exidization, and therefore that all of the precious metal originally in the ore may be recovered.

In some experiments recently made with the ore-atomic system in London, samples of Cripple Creek and West Australian ores were treated. An English weekly publication, "Invention," declares that disinterested experts were present and assisted in the tests. It adds: "In every respect the results were most satisfactory, and unquestionably demonstrated the correctness of the principle involved," It is announced that the West Australian (fold District) Corporation has bought the right to use the ore-atomic system.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

YESTERDAY'S RECORD AND TO DAY'S FORECAST. Washington, Dec. 25.—The barometer has failen rapidly throughout the central valleys and lake region. It has risen on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts and in the extreme Northwest. There is an extended area of low pressure needs of the lake region moving rapidly eastward, and the harometer is highest over the South Atlantic States. The

DETAILED FORECAST FOR TO-DAY. Por New England, fair, followed by local snows in orthern portion; warmer; southwesterly winds, increas-

creasing cloudiness and probably local snows in northern portion; southwesterly winds, increasing in force. For Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, For Easteric Technicivanta, New Jersey and Delaware, fair and warmer; southwesterly winds. For Western New York and Eastern Pennsylvania, gen-erally fair, except on the lakes, cloudy, with local snows, stightly warmer Saturday; colder by Sunday marning; brisk to high westerly winds.

TRIBUNE LOCAL CESERVATIONS. Bar. Inch. HOURS: Morning. Night.

30.5 30.5 18 10 10 30.0 In this diagram a continuous white line shows thanges in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-secording barometer. The dotted line represents the tenserature as recorded at Perry's Pharmacy.

Tribune Office, Dec. 26, 1 a. m.—The weather yesterday was fair and cold and the temperature ranged between il and 29 degrees, the average (22 degrees) being 7 de-grees higher than that of Thursday and 22% lower than that of the corresponding day of last year. The weather to-day will be fair.

It is surprising what a little of the right kind of medicine will do. Small doses of Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant cure many of the Colds.

Deerfoot Farm Sausages, made from little pigs; helr reputation has brought many cheap substitutes into he market.

SMITH—HUBBARD—in Brooklyn, on Wednesday, De-cember 23, at the residence of the bride, No. 138 Mon-tague-st., by the Rev. Richard S. Storrs, D. D., Miss Isahel D. Hubbard to Henry Wilson Smith, of the The-ological Seminary, Princeton, N. J. Notices of marriages and deaths must be in-

dorsed with full name and address

ARMSTRONG—At his residence, Cluster, N. J., on De-cember 25, John M. Armstrong, aged 79 years. Funeral Monday, 1 p. m., at his late residence. BANCROFT—in this city, December 24, suddenly, of pneumonia, Zayde Akin Bancroft, widow of Hermon Bancroft.
Interment at Pawling, Saturday, December 26, at 2 p. m. Train leaves Grand Central Station at 10:50 a.5 m. DIED.

BARNS—At Bristol, R I., December 24, Horace M., Barns, in his 74th year.
Funeral at his late residence, Bristol, at 2:30 on Monday, EERKING—At her residence, No. 427 Washington-ave., Brooklyn, Tuesday evening, December 22, Pauline C., relict of Charles H. Berking.
Funeral from St. Luke's Evangelical Lutheran Church, Washington, near De Kalb-ave., Brooklyn, Saturday, December 23, at 1 o'clock.
Please omit flowers.
Interment at convenience of family.
CAMMANN—On Tuerday, December 22, Catherine A., widow of George P. Cammann, M. D., in the 88th year of her age.

widow of George F. Cambridge Chapel, West 25th-st., on of her age.

Funeral services at Trinity Chapel, West 25th-st., on Saturday, December 26, at 10 o'clock a m. CHATFIELD—Suddenly, Christmas morning, of apoplexy, at his residence, Hotel Jufferson, John Chatfield, in his

at his residence, Hotel June, No. 1, 19th Cash year Puneral private.

Funeral private.

Funeral private of family.

Boston papers please out.

Graham—On Thissian December 24, 1898, John W.

Graham, In his five year.

Funeral services in the tate residence, Nyack, N. Y., on Sunday, 27th ins. at 3:30 o'clock p. m.

HAIGHT—At Chappaqua, N. Y. on the Third day, Twelfth month, 22, 1898, Susan F. Haight, aged 85 years.

HAIGHT—At Chappaqua, N. T. on the Third cay,
Twelfth month, 22, 1896, Susan F. Haight, aged 58
Yours.
Funeral service at Friends' Meeting House, Chappaqua,
Th day, at 12:30 p. m.
Carriages will meet train leaving Grand Central Depot
at 10:50 a. m.
HUBBARD—At Brooklyn, Wednesday, December 23, 1896,
Elias A. Hubbard, in the 54th year of his age,
Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend
the funeral, Saturday, December 23, at 2 o'clock in the
afternoon, from the Reformed Dutch Church, Flatlands,
HEROY—On Christmas morning, James Henry Heroy, in
the 79th year of by a tgo.
Funeral from his late residence. No. 65 West 48th-st., on
Monday, December 28, at 1; a, m.
JOHNSON—At Ansonia, Conn., December 24, Frederick
Curties Johnson.

Curtiss Johnson Curtiss Johnson Funeral will be held at his late residence, 80 South Cliff-st. Ansonia, Saturday, December 26, at 3:30 p. m. Burial at convenience of family.

MEAD—On Friday, December 25, at his residence, Kingst., Greenwich, Conn., Mark Mead, in the 80th year of his age.

Funeral from the Second Congregational Church, Greenwich, Monday, December 28, at 11 a. m. wich, Monday, December 28, at 11 a. m.

Mickens-Suddenly, at Pompton, N. J., on Wednesday, December 23, Margaret Mickens, widow of William Mickens, in her 78th year.

Funeral services will be held at Pompton Reformed Church, Sunday, at 1:30 p. m.

MILLER—At No. 117 Lewis-st., on Wednesday, December 23, 1806, William H. Miller, aged 68 years.

Relatives and friends, also members of Polar Star Lodge, No. 245, F. and A. M., Phoenix Chapter, No. 2, R. A. M., Falestine Commandery, Knights Templac, No. 18, Trowel Club and Aeme Council. No. 359, A. L. of H., are invited to attend his funeral from the Second Street Methodist Episcopai Church, between Avel ies C and D, on Sunday, December 27, At 1:30 o'clock p. m.

Kindly omit flowers

MYNDERSE—At his residence, Seneca Falls, New-York, Thursday, December 24, 1896, Edward Mynderse, in his

Sist year.

NORTHAM—On Thursday, December 24, Caroline A.

Dow, widow of William L. Northam.

Funeral services will be held at her late residence, No.
500 Madison-ave., Sunday, December 27, at 2 p. m.

Interment at Greenwood. OLMSTEAD-On December 21. Sarah Frances Olmstead. aged 59. uneral services Monday, December 28, at 2 p. m., at the residence of her brother-in-law, F. W. Child,

the residence of her brother-in-iaw, F. W. Child. Greenwich, Conn. Interment, Tuesday, Docember 29, at Ridgefield, Conn. SANE-Suddenly, at Mal'son, N. J., on December 22, the Rey, George O. Saxe in the 75th year of his age. Funeral from his late residence, Madison, N. J., on Saturday, December 20, at 1:30 p. m. Carriages will meet the 12 o'clock train, D. L. & W. E. E.

SHARPE—in Brooklyn, December 24, Christina Sharpa, youngest daughter of the late John and Cathrine Moor. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Saturday morning, December 26, at 12 or clock, from her late residence, No. 151 Prospect Place, Brooklyn. cis Smith.

Funeral services will be held at No. 34 Livingston-st.,
Saturday, December 26, at 2:30 p. m. THURSTON-On Thursday, December 24, Ellen Thurston, sister of the late Frederick G. Thurston, aged 7

-The Kensico Cemetery.-Private station, Har-Raitrond: 43 minutes' ride from the Grand Central lem Raitroad: 43 minutes' ride Depot. Office, 16 East 42d-st.

Special Notices.

The Hospital Saturday & Sunday Association OF NEW YORK CITY. Hospital Saturday, Dec. 26, Hospital Sunday, Dec. 27.

Hospital Sunday, Dec. 27.

The needs of the Hospitals are extraordinary at this time. Help should be prompt and liberal. Contributions are specially solicited on Hospital Saturday and Sunday for the GENERAL FUND, which will be divided among the Associated Hospitals on the basis of FREE care for the sick poor.

Gifts may be designated, however, for any hospital of this city, and such gifts will be duly forwarded by the Treasurer of the Association to the hospital indicated by the donor.

the donor.

METHODS OF CONTRIBUTING.

(1) Through the Collections in the Churches on Hospital Sunday and in the Synagogues on Hospital Saturday.

(2) Through Auxiliary Associations in Trades as follows: (2) Through Auxiliary—Waiter H. Lewis, President; Dry Goods Auxiliary—Waiter H. Lewis, President; Dry Goods Auxiliary—Waiter H. Lewis, President; August Fey Goois Advillary—Valuer II. Levis, President, Louis Stix, Treasurer, 25 Franklin Street.
Rankers and Brokers—R. J. Cross, President; August Belmont, Treasurer, 27 Nassau Street.
Cigar and Tobacco Trade—Wm. H. Cummings, President; Henry Rosenwald, Troascurer, 145 Water Street.
Paint and Varnish Trades—D. F. Tlemann, President;
A. B. Ansbacher, Treasurer, 4 Murray Street.
Drug, Chemical and Amiline Trades—J. L. Riker, President; A. Kuttroff, Treasurer, 128 Duane Street.
Iron, Steel, Metal and Machinery Trades—A. R. Whitney, President; Max Nathan, Vice-President; D. A. Neshitt, Treasurer, 29 Brandway.

Cheming Trade startes, and Paper Trades-Wynkoop,
Printers, Tyre-Founders, and Paper Trades-Wynkoop,
Printers, Tyre-Founders, and Paper Trades-Wynkoop, Frinters, Type-Follows, and Fabrush Relienbeck, Crawford Ca. in charge, China and cliassware Trades—Mr. D. Felter, Secretary of the Crockery Excharge, in charge, Coul Trade—Messrs, Ward & Olyphant, 21 Cortlandt Street, in charge, Chothers Triumnings Trade—Mr. Warren N. Goddard Chothers Triumnings Trade—Mr. Warren N. harge, and Lumber Trades - Mr. Isaac H. Herts to harge. Toy Trade-Mr. Lee Schlesinger, 129 Crosby Street,

charge.
Toy Trade—Mr. Leo Schlesinger. 129 Crosby Street, in charge.
Ladies' Underwear Trade—Mr. Eugene Galland, 101 Weoster Street, in charge.
Milinery, Silk, and Ribben Trades—Mr. Samuel Kridel, 49 Greene Street, in charge.
Ladies' and Children's Clothing—Mr. Max Rosenthal, 48 Greene Street, in charge.
Ladies' and Children's Clothing—Mr. Max Rosenthal, 48 Greene Street, in charge.
Hat and Csp Trade—Mr. E. Denzer, 756 Broadway, in charge.
Brewers, Steamships, Hotels, Express Companies, etc.—Ibsts in chorse of Mr. Frederick F. Cook, the General Agent of the Assentation.

WOMAN'S AUXILIARY.

(3) Through the Woman's Auxiliary, by sending directly to Mrs. John A. Lowery, Treasurer, 32 West 35th St., or by means of Mite Boxe.

(4) Through subscription lists sent to all leading commercial and manufacturing establishments in the city, in the hope that employers and employees will make comman cauve in contributing to this broad charity.

(5) Also by lists to banks and bankers, insurance, trust, telegraph, and steamship companies, and corporations generally.

(6) Through auxiliaries or committees on all the Exally. Through auxiliaries or committees on all the Exchanges.

(7) Through collection boxes on elevated railway stations, in manufactories and public resorts generally.

(8) Finally, through gifts sent direct to Mr. CHARLES LANDER, General Treasurer, IT Nassau St., to whom all money however contributed, should be sent by check to bis order for endorsed to hun) before Jan. 15, 1857.

GEORGE MACCULLOCH MILLER, President.

Postoffice Notice.

Foreign mails for the week ending December 25 will lose (promptly in all cases) at the General Postoffice as

Postoffice Notice.

Foreign mails for the week ending December 25 will close (promptly in all cases) at the General Postoffice as follows:

TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.

SATURDAY—At 2 a. m. for France, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Tarkey, Edity and British India, per s. s. *l.a Gascogne, via Havre (letters for other parts of Europe must be directed 'per La Gascogne'); at 7 a. m. for Farope, per s. *Etruria, via Queenstown; at 8 a. m. for Ketherlands direct, per s. s. Werkendam, via Rotterdam detters must be directed 'per Werkendam'; at 10 a. m. for Norway direct, per s. & Aacheria, via Glaskow detters must be directed 'per Werkendam'; at 10 a. m. for Norway direct, per s. & Aacheria, via Glaskow detters must be directed 'per Anchoria'); at 11 a. m. for Norway direct, per s. & Aacheria, via Glaskow detters must be directed 'per Morge').

'Printed Matter, etc.—German steamers souling on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays take printed matter, etc., for other parts of Europe. White Star steamers on Wednesdays take specially addressed printed matter, etc., for Europe. American, Cunard and French line steamers take printed matter, etc., for all countries for which they are advertised to carry mail.

After the closing of the Supplementary Transatlantic Mails named above, additional supplementary mails are opened on the piets of the American, English, French and German steamers, and remain speciment years and the supplementary mails are opened on the piets of the American, English, French and German Steamers, and remain speciment with the number of salvantiles of the noir of salvantile within ten minutes of the noir of salvantiles, etc., for other parts of Mexico and for Cuba must be directed 'per Senece,'; at 15:30 p. m. for St. Pietre-Miquelon, per steamer from North Sydney.

Mails for Newfoundian